

The BelAir app: communicating air quality data to a broad audience

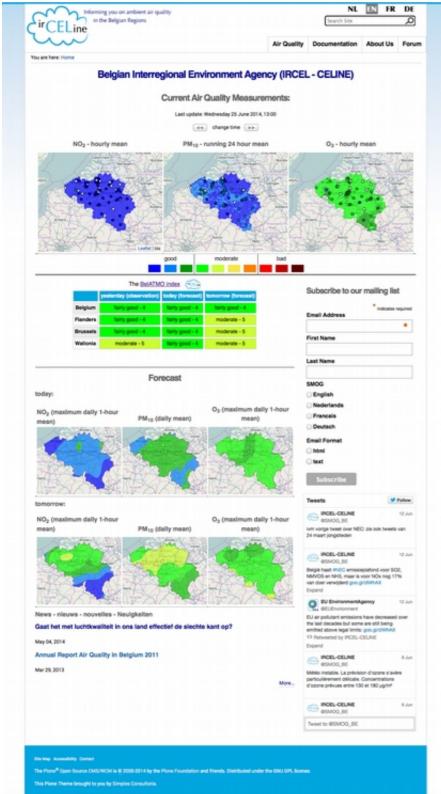
Olav Peeters peeters@irceline.be

Belgian Interregional Environment Agency (IRCEL - CELINE)

Content

- Existing geodata services
- The (long) history of an air quality app
- If we still have time:
 - quick mention of other developments:
 - Cleanest air route
 - Engaging with citizen science



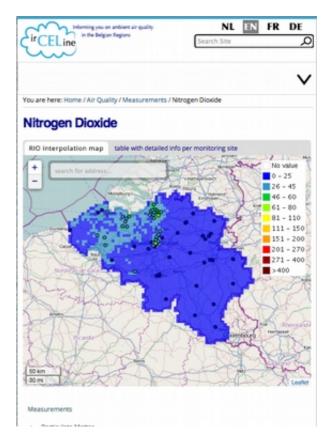


IRCEL - CELINE

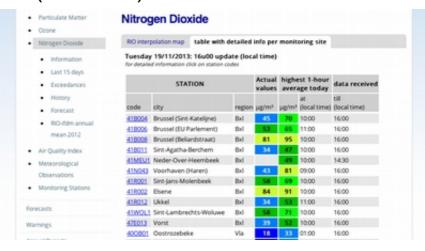
http://www.irceline.be

- Real-time data
- All major pollutants (incl. BC)
- Forecasts
- Information about pollutants
- Publications
- etc.

Integration of OGC-services (download and viewing) into website

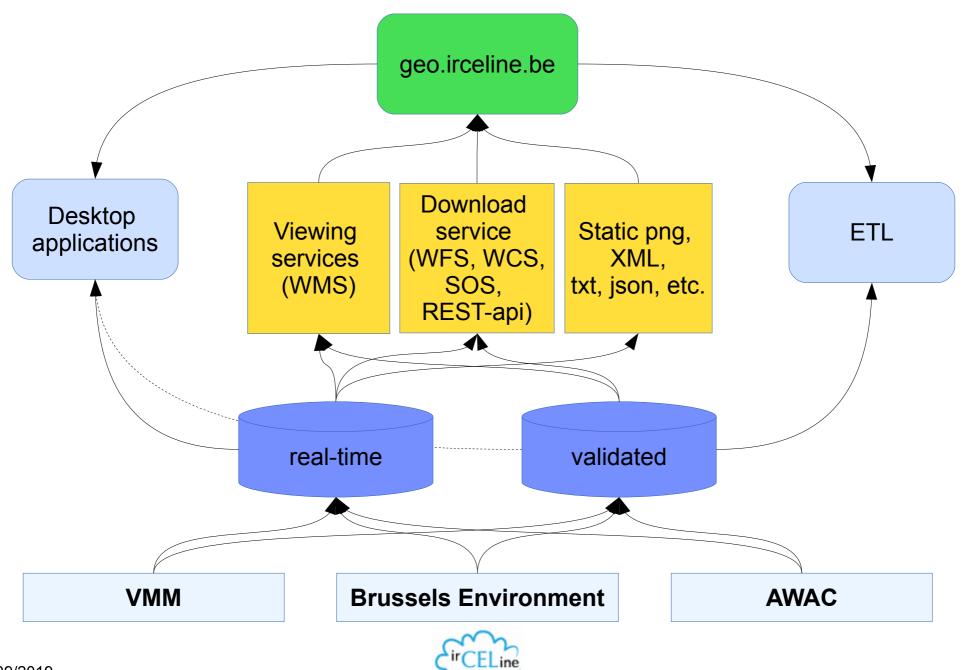


... and tables with (real-time) data:

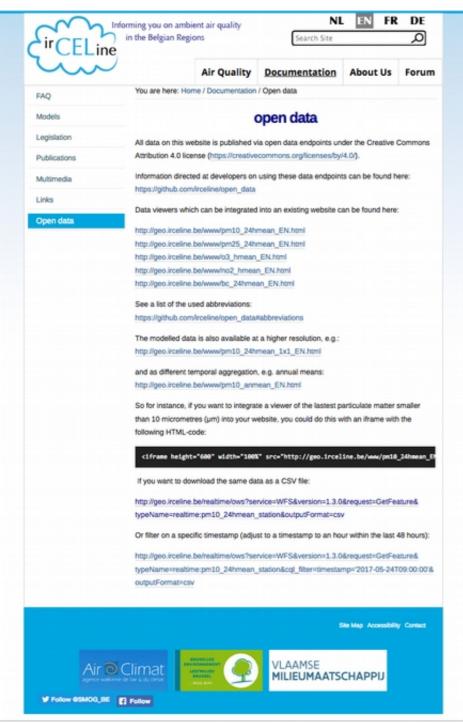




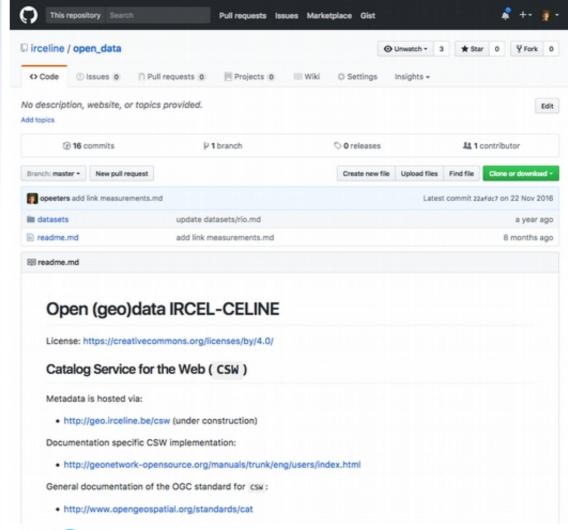
The SDI at IRCEL-CELINE



Documentation open data endpoints

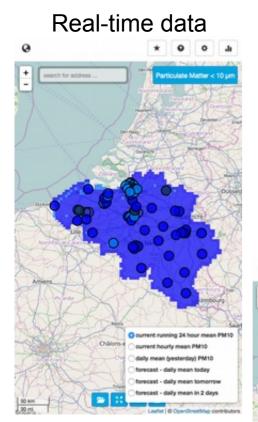


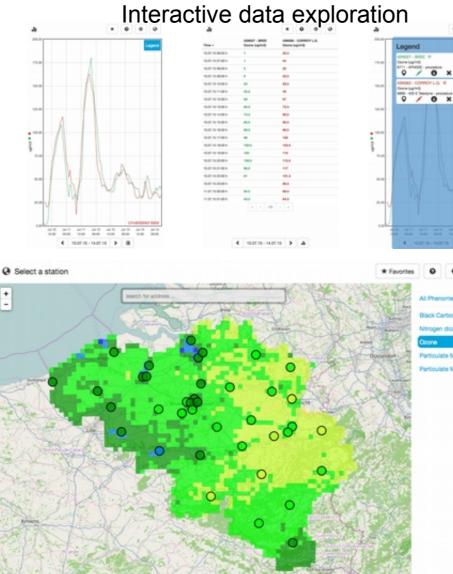
http://www.irceline.be/en/documentation/open-data https://github.com/irceline/open_data





An air quality app (first attempt – Est. 2016)







- Cordova
- Android, iOS & Windows Phone



Multilingual (EN, NL, FR, DE)

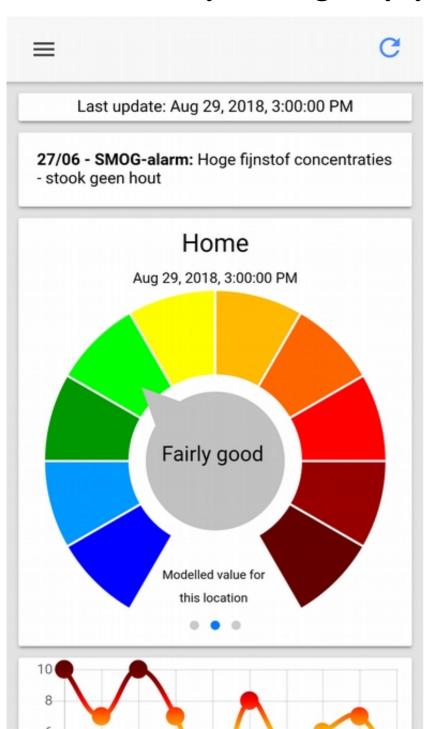


https://github.com/irceline/air-quality-belgium-app

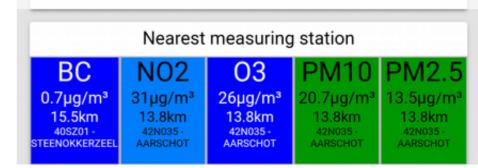
Lessons learnt

- It is becoming possible to develop for multiple mobile platforms using one framework
- It was possible to use SWE-client elements on a mobile, but to make it feel more native deeper OS-integration was needed
- OGC-viewing-service (e.g. WMS) are fine as data endpoint for rendered data
- OGC-download service are to be avoided
- The (non-standardised) 52 North REST-api was a perfect addition to our SDI for high performance access to time series

An air quality app (new version – Est. 2018)



- Ionic framework (more "native" feeling on Android and iOS)
- Based real-time RIO-IFDM (hiresolution modelled values)
- Alerting (different user profiles + user defined thresholds)
- "Street level" personalised information
- Potentially add cleanest air route functionality later



-5h -4h -3h -2h -1h now +1d +2d +3d

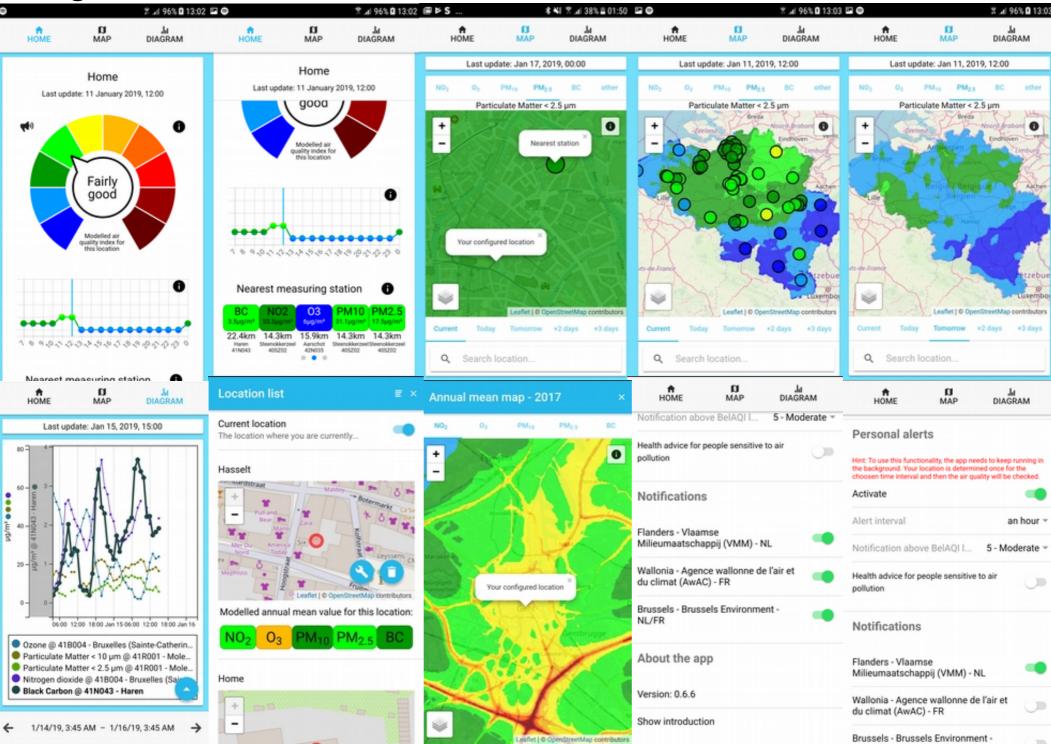


Health related messages

WHO "health"- concentration class	BelAQI	general	sensitive groups
Α	1	It is very healthy today to be physical	•
	2	By reducing emissions, we get more of these healthy days and also decrease the effects of the low-term exposure.	
В	3	You do not have to adjust your usual physical activities because of the air quality.	If you experience discomfort, you can reduce heavy/long physical effort.
	4		
C	5	You do not have to adjust your usual physical activities because of the air quality.	Reduce your physical effort. Consult your doctor about appropriate changes to medication you might be taking.
	6		
	7		
D	8	Consider reducing heavy/long physical exertion.	Limit physical exertion. Consult your doctor about appropriate changes to medication you might be taking.
	9		
	10		



By the time of the release with news event



Releases

- First public release during a work shop (November 2018)
 → did not attract enough attention only feedback from people with the same mindset (AQ-people)
- Second public release got a lot of media coverage → allot of negative feedback by a new group of users, but let's not forget positive feedback too
- Confusion:
 - Modelled versus measured
 - Nearest station versus calculated index + forecast for your location
 - To many lines on one graph
- Technical hick-ups during launch

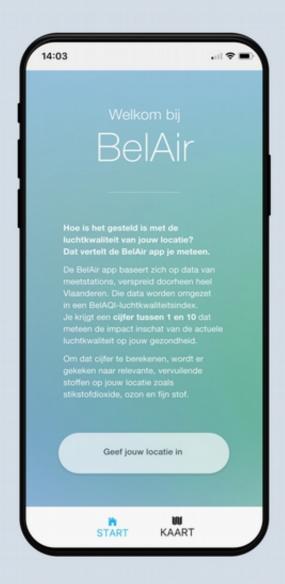
The communication people

Their analysis



The communication people

The proposal







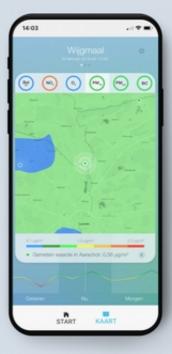
The communication people

The proposal





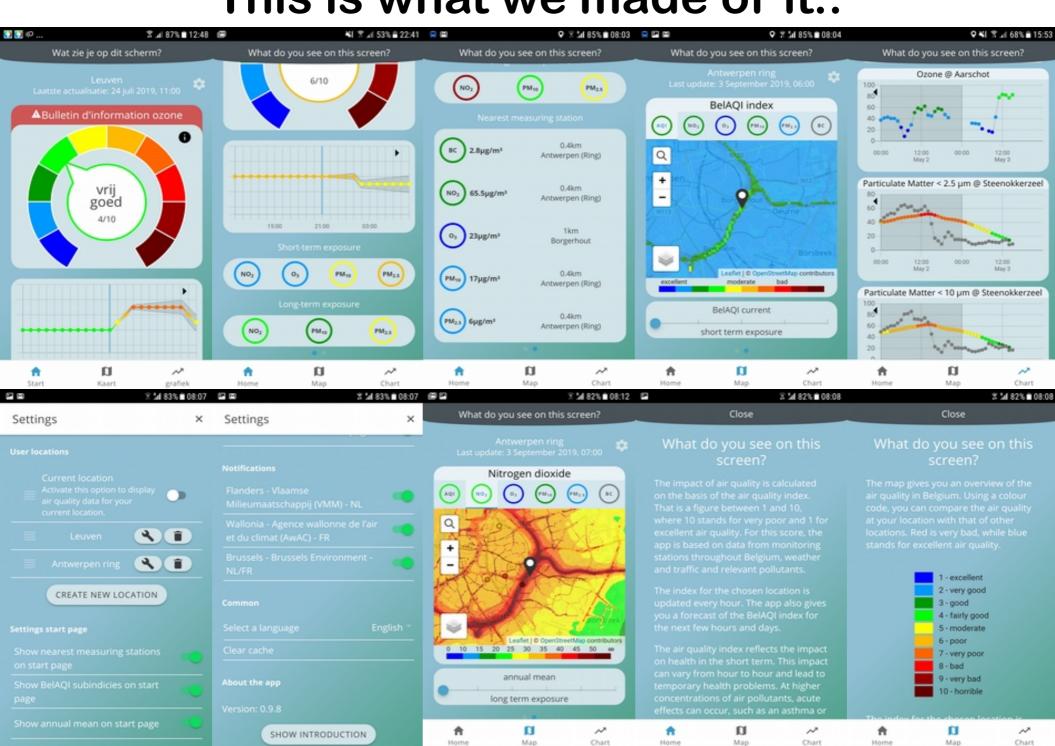








This is what we made of it..

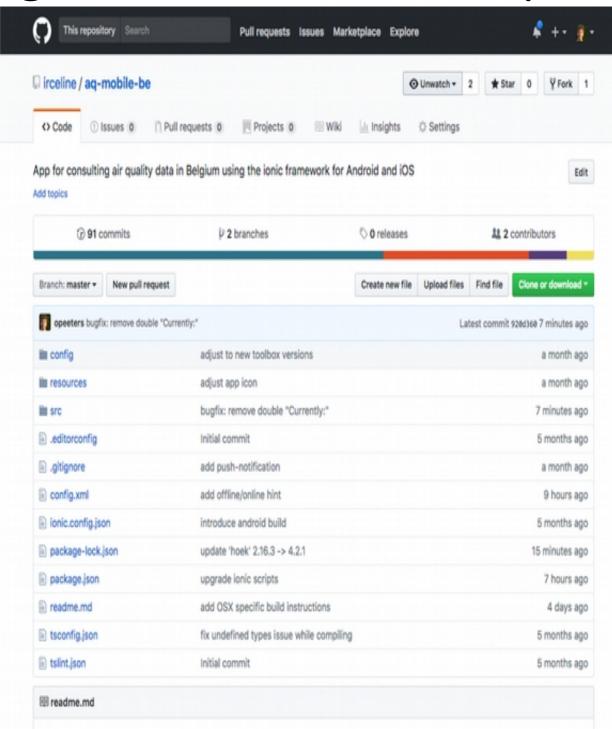


Still to come..

- Personalised push notifications:
 - GDPR proof
 - { "lat": "50.878564", "lng": "4.655987", "language": "de", "key": "autogenerated_key_unique_per_location" }
 - fcm_<lat>_<lng>_<language>
- BelAir 2.0 based on results of a user questionnaire

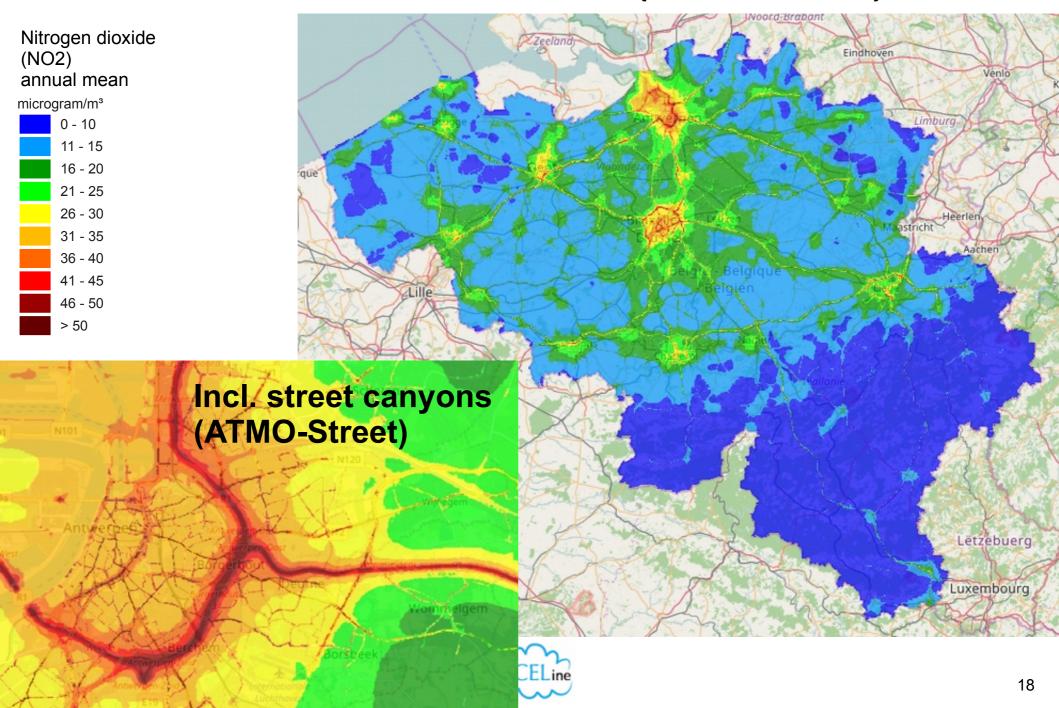


https://github.com/irceline/aq-mobile-be

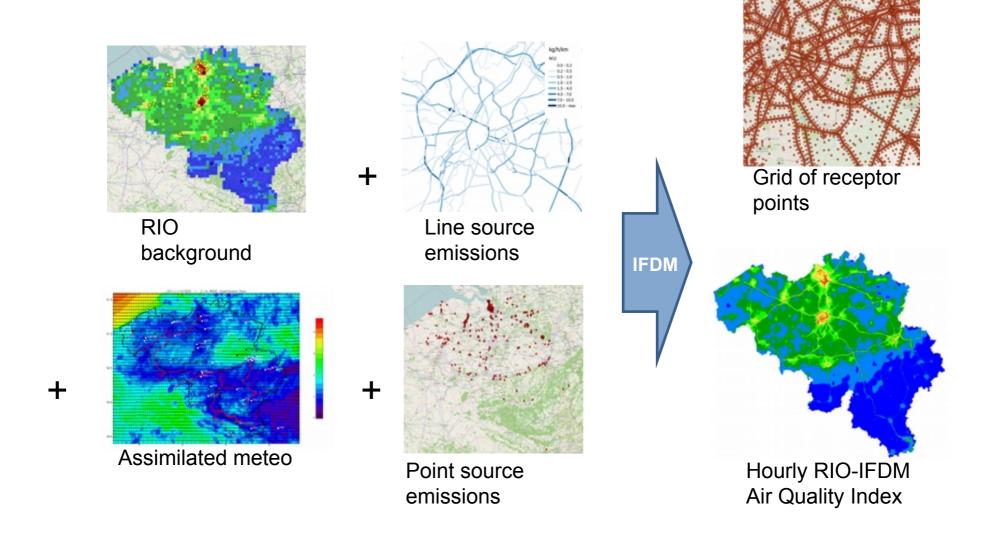




Hi resolution model (RIO-IFDM)

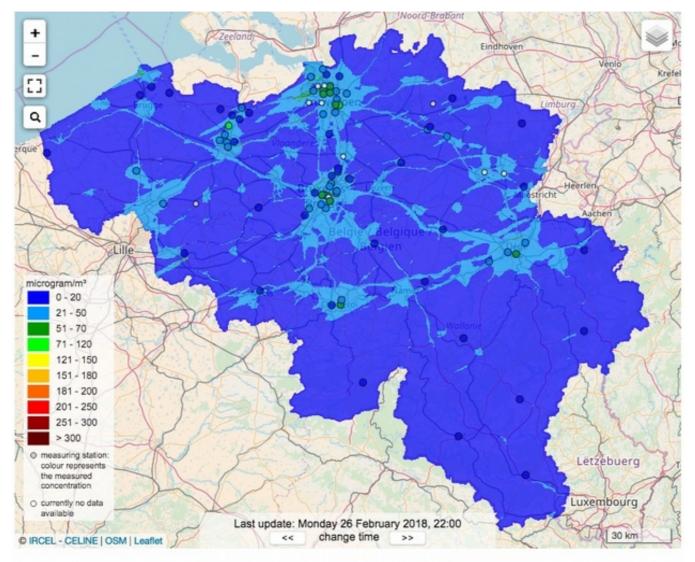


Hi resolution air quality model





real-time RIO-IFDM



Population Exposure Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)



http://www.bumbair.be

concentration class	percentage inhabitants	cumulative percentage inhabitants
0 - 20	52.3	100
21 - 50	47.2	47.7
51 - 70	0.4	0.4

For the following pollutants: BC, NO_2 , O_3 , PM_{10} & $PM_{2.5}$

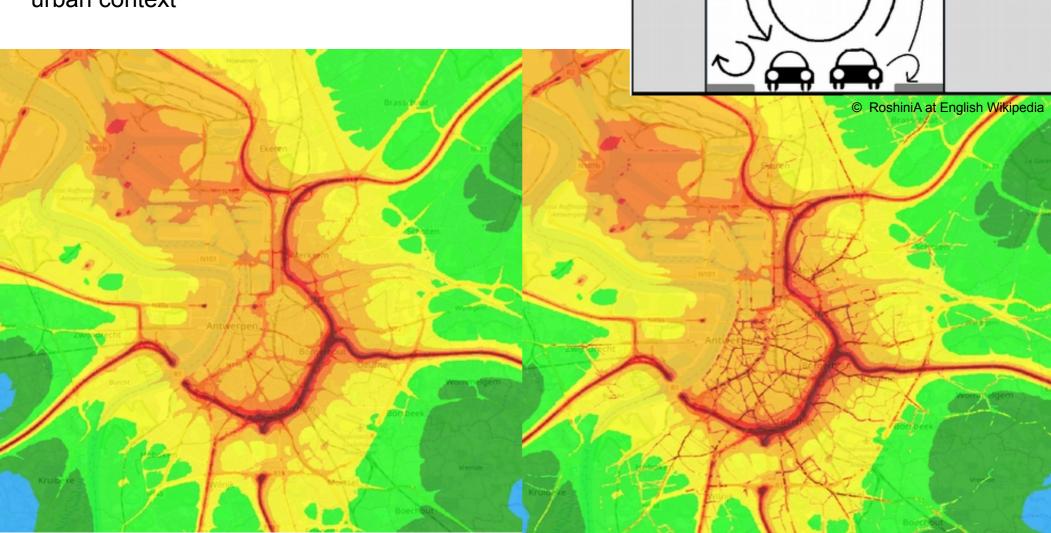
RIO-IFDM

versus

ATMO-Street

- "open street"
- difficult but feasible real-time chain
- performs very well in "open street" situations
- underestimation in busy road in an urban context

- "street canyon" effects
- technically not yet feasible in real-time

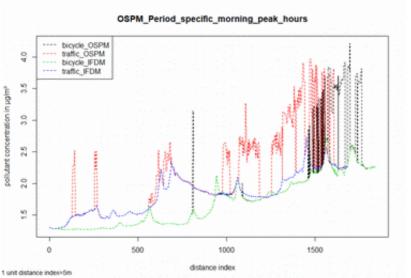


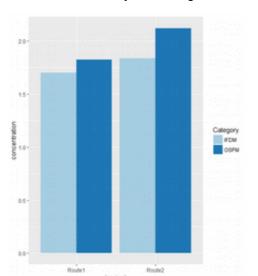
Validation of the route evaluation



Comparing with results of:

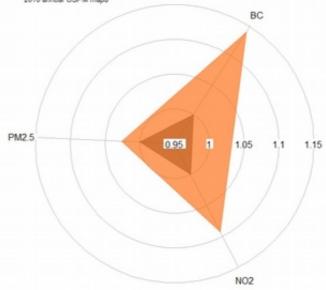
Hofman, J. et al. "Cyclist exposure to black carbon, ultrafine particles and heavy metals: An experimental study along two commuting routes near Antwerp, Belgium." Environmental Research. Volume 164, July 2018, Pages 530-538



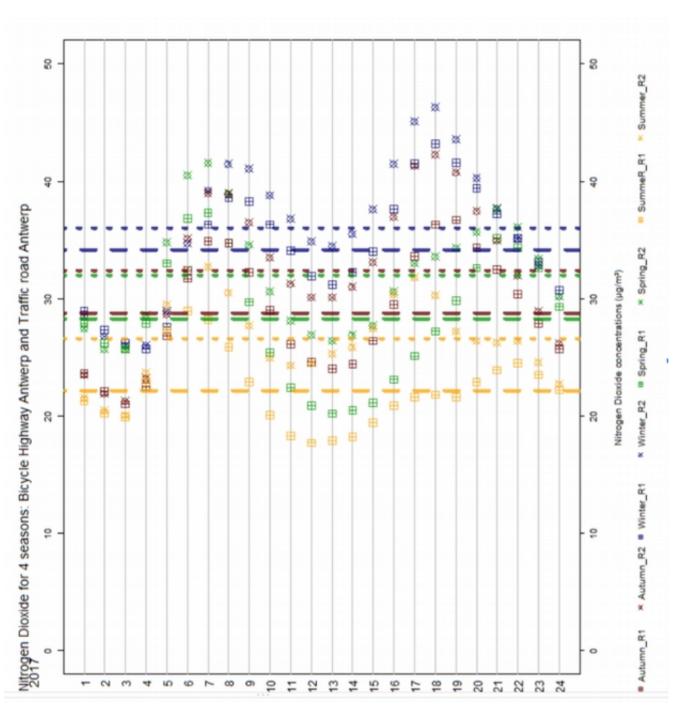




Bicycle highway=1.0 for each pollutant Air pollution: Traffic road and bicycle highway by comparison 2016 annual OSPM maps

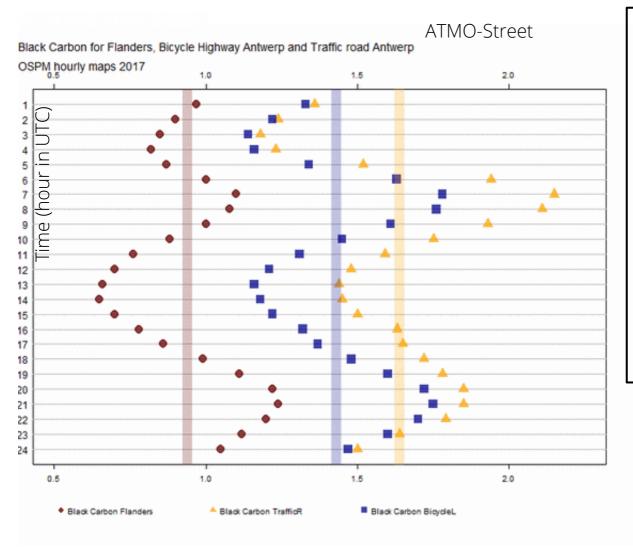


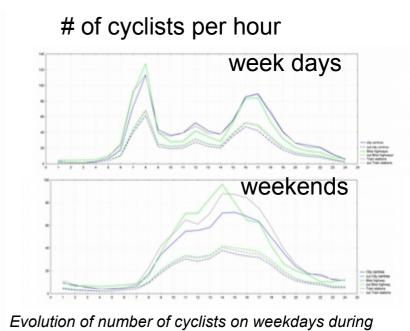
Comparing different time aggregations



- **Annual-hourly** maps: better then annual 24h maps
- **Seasonal-hourly** maps: better then annual-hourly maps
- Monthly-hourly maps: no advantage compared to seasonalhourly maps

Daily pattern of air pollution concentrations





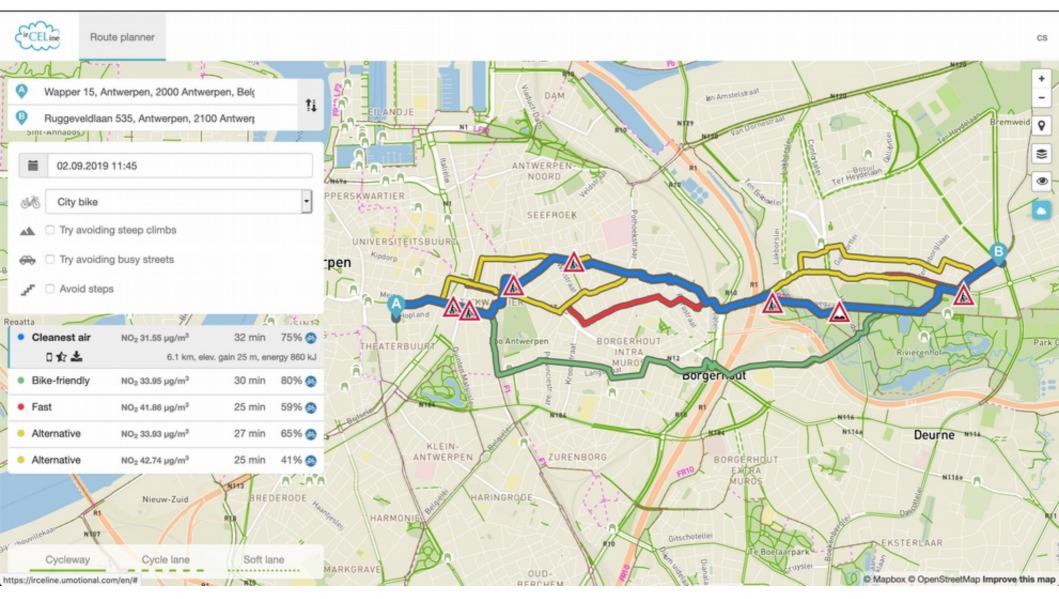
day on counting points (fietstelweek, 2016).

Average hourly Black Carbon (BC) concentrations in $\mu g/m^3$ for 2016 of Flanders (brown), a cycle-highway in Antwerp (blue) and a traffic-busy road in Antwerp (yellow). The vertical bars represent the daily average.



Demo implementation – cleanest air route

https://irceline.umotional.com

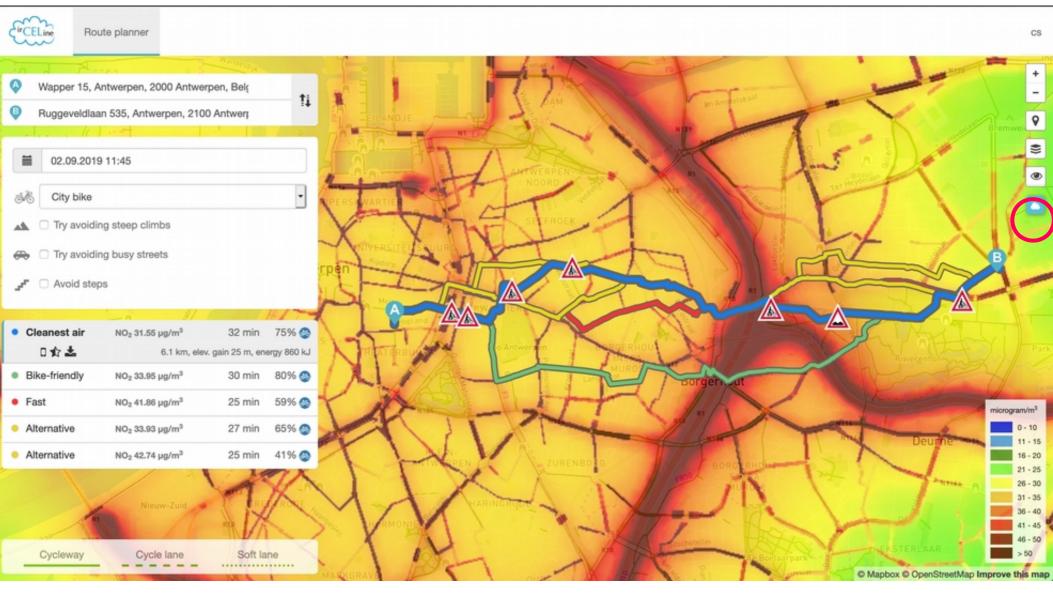






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Vielen Dank!

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